1 BEFORE THE SHORELINES HEARINGS BOARD 2 STATE OF WASHINGTON 3 IN THE MATTER OF A SUBSTANTIAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT ISSUED BY THE CITY OF POULSBO TO EMMANUEL J. XENOS STATE OF WASHINGTON, DEPARTMENT SHB No. 201 6 OF ECOLOGY, AND SLADE GORTON, ATTORNEY GENERAL, FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER Appellants, 8 THE CITY OF POULSBO AND EMMANUEL 10 J. XENOS, 11 Respondents. 12 13 This matter was brought before the Shorelines Hearings Board

Chris Smith, Chairman, Robert F. Hintz, Gerald D. Probst, and Walt

were represented by Robert V. Jensen, Assistant Attorney General;

respondent, Emmanuel J. Xenos, was represented by his attorneys, C.

Woodward (presiding) on January 15 and 16, 1976 in Poulsbo, Washington.

Appellants, Department of Ecology and Slade Gorton, Attorney General,

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1 | Conrad Green and R. E. Krucker; respondent City of Poulsbo appeared by 2 | and through its attorney, Robert Baronsky. Olympia court reporters 3 | Jennifer Roland and Sherri Darkow recorded the proceeding.

Having heard the testimony, having examined the exhibits, and having heard the arguments of counsel, and the Board having received exceptions to its proposed Findings, Conclusions and Order from appellants, and having considered exceptions from appellants, said exceptions being granted in part and denied in part, the Shorelines Hearings Board makes the following

FINDINGS OF FACT

A substantial development permit for the construction of a 40 foot by 60 foot "delicatessen" addition over the water to an existing restaurant constructed partly over the water was issued to Emmanuel J. Xenos by the City of Poulsbo on August 1, 1975. Appellants received notice of this action on August 8, 1975. Appellants thereafter filed their request for review with this Board on September 22, 1975.

ΙI

Respondent Xenos owns the tidelands upon which all proposed construction will be built. The subject property is located in the City of Poulsbo and on the shores of Liberty Bay. Liberty Bay Park complex lies to the north of the proposed development and, since 1972, has been and is being constructed on the shorelines. The proposed development would lie above and landward from the line of extreme low tide, and seaward of the mean higher high water mark.

III

Respondent Xenos made application for a substantial development

permit on March 28, 1975. On July 1, 1975, the City of Poulsbo's Planning Commission unanimously recommended denial of the application apparently for the reason that the proposed development was not water-dependent pursuant to RCW 90.58.020, WAC 173-16-040(4)(b)(iv), WAC 173-16-060(4), and Use Activity Regulations, including those for "Commercial Development," in the City of Poulsbo draft Shoreline Management Master Program (Appellants' Exhibit A-1(a), page three). The cumulative and ultimate effect, concluded the Planning Commission, would be to force "legitimate water-dependent facilities to expand elsewhere--eventually to undeveloped tidelands." Id.

IV

At the regular City Council meeting on July 23, 1975, the Council considered the application and the Planning Commission's recommendation. The Council found inter alia, that the immediate harbor area containing the proposed development was substantially blocked in four directions; that man has already altered the "natural conditions" of the shorelines; that the proposed development would provide an opportunity for services that the respondent Xenos would offer to permanent and transient moorage users; and that the City of Poulsbo's draft Master Shoreline Program should not control since it was neither adopted by the City nor approved by the Department of Ecology. Appellants' Exhibit A-1(b). The Council then concluded, inter alia, that commercial developments should be located where other such developments exist [WAC 173-16-060(4)(v); WAC 173-16-040(b)(iv)] and that the project was "water-dependent." Id. The Council approved the application and thereafter approved the permit which is the subject matter of this request for review.

7 | FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

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On the day of issuance of the appealed permit (August 1, 1975) the City of Poulsbo had prepared a draft Shoreline Master Program.

(Appellants' Exhibit A-3). Such draft master program had neither been adopted by the City Council nor approved by the Department of Ecology. The master program was then into its second draft. We find such draft to be ascertainable. (Later in August, the City Council adopted a master program in substantially the same form as the second draft master program. The master program has since been approved by the Department of Ecology.)

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VI

The draft master program provides that:

F. Commercial Development:

 Any commercial development, structure, facility or use except one which requires or is dependent on direct contiguous access to the water, shall be set back from the ordinary high water mark by ten (10) feet. Only parking incidental to the commercial use activity shall be permitted on the shoreline.

. . . .

(Use Activity Regulations, page 2, draft master program.)

C. Urban Environment:

1. Definition:

This environment is defined as an area subject to intensive modification of natural features caused by human activity.

2. Purpose:

The purpose of placing an area in an Urban environment is to ensure proper utilization of the area by a multiplicity of intense urban uses, and to encourage the existence of desirable and pleasant

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urban shorelines. All use activities should be permitted in this environment subject to pertinent regulations and policies.

. . . .

(Environments, page 8, Goals and Policies, draft master program.)

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The proposed development lies in an "Urban" environment. See Appellants' Exhibit A-3(d).

VII

Respondent Xenos has owned and operated the existing restaurant known as the Viking House for approximately 12 years. In 1968, he expended substantial funds in remodeling the exterior and second floor of the existing structure. Subsequently, respondent Xenos has determined that it is economically desirable to construct as an addition to the existing structure, a delicatessen directed primarily at the market comprised of boaters.

VIII

Respondent Xenos proposes this development to fill the expected greatly increased demand for land-based support services for boaters in a tourist-oriented town as a result of the increased moorages presently available, and those contemplated in the future, in Liberty Bay. The type of service proposed, a delicatessen, could also be located on the uplands.

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Historically, boats from the greater Seattle area have been attracted to Poulsbo as the destination of a weekend boat trip.

Recently, the number of visiting boaters has increased tremendously.

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However, the land support facilities have not kept pace. Respondent Xenos' proposed delicatessen could provide services extending into late evening, seven days a week.

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A "delicatessen," in the nature of a restaurant, would permit a substantial number of people to enjoy the shorelines. We are unable to find that the proposed use is water-dependent, however.

XΙ

The waters at the site are navigable at upper stages of the tide. However, the proposed development would decrease or impair the public's right of navigation insignificantly because the site is substantially surrounded in four directions. We find that the benefits of the proposed delicatessen outweigh the small impairment of navigational rights.

XII

At the proposed construction site, it is evident that people have already degraded the otherwise natural shoreline with fill, buildings, floats, piling, and floating marine storage.

XIII

Any Conclusion of Law which should be deemed a Finding of Fact is hereby adopted as such.

From these Findings the Shorelines Hearings Board comes to these CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

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This Board has jurisdiction over the persons and over the subject matter of this proceeding.

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RCW 90.58.140(2)(a) provides that when a master program is not yet effective, a substantial development permit shall be granted: "[0]nly when the development proposed is consistent with: (i) The policy of RCW 90.58.020; and (ii) . . . the guidelines and regulations of the

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master program being developed for the area."

Department [of Ecology]; and (iii) so far as can be ascertained, the

The subject shoreline has not been shown to be a "shoreline of state-wide significance" pursuant to RCW 90.58.030(2)(e)(iii).

The preponderance of the evidence shows that the entire project lies landward of the extreme low tide.

IV

The proposed delicatessen reduces in a minor degree the rights of the public in navigable waters but provides a corresponding enhancement of the public interest.

V

The proposed project does not constitute a use which is unique to or dependent upon the shoreline. But neither does the project lie upon a natural, i.e., unintruded, shoreline as contemplated by RCW 90.58.020.

VI

Appellants failed to prove that the project was not designed in

^{1. &}quot;'Shorelines of state-wide significance' means the following shorelines of the state: ... those areas of Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca and adjacent salt waters north to the Canadian line and lying seaward from the line of extreme low tide . . . " RCW 90.58.030(2)(e)(iii).

a manner to minimize, insofar as practical, any resultant damage to the ecology and environment and any interference in the public's use of the water.

VII

The proposed delicatessen does not thwart the policy of RCW 90.58.020.

VIII

WAC 173-16-060(4) provides in part that:

- (a) Although many commercial developments benefit by a shoreline location, priority should be given to those commercial developments which are particularly dependent on their location and/or use of the shorelines of the state and other development that will provide an opportunity for substantial numbers of the people to enjoy the shorelines of the state.
- (b) New commercial developments on shorelines should be encouraged to locate in those areas where current commercial uses exist.
- (c) An assessment should be made of the effect a commercial structure will have on a scenic view significant to a given area or enjoyed by a significant number of people.

. . . .

We conclude that the proposed delicatessen provides an opportunity for substantial numbers of people to enjoy the shorelines of the state. It is located in a presently intensively developed area and would impair no scenic view. As such, the project is consistent with the above-quoted guidelines.

IX

Although WAC 173-16-040(b)(iv) states that "emphasis should be given to development within already developed areas and particularly to water-dependent industrial and commercial uses requiring frontage on navigable waters," we conclude that the proposed delicatessen, which affords an opportunity for a substantial number of people to enjoy the

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shorelines of the state, is not inconsistent therewith. The delicatessen will be built in an area that is already intensively developed.

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The proposed delicatessen is not inconsistent with the guidelines.

XΙ

The provision in the draft master program under "Commercial Development" (see Finding of Fact VI) clearly imposes a ten (10) foot setback from the ordinary high water mark. The proposed development is inconsistent therewith. The City Council felt that it could not "lean for guidance" on the draft master program because the master program was neither adopted by the City nor approved by the Department of Ecology. Appellants' Exhibit A-1(b), page two. Yet, the evidence clearly shows that the material provisions of the draft master program are ascertainable. We conclude that insufficient consideration was given to the draft master program by the Council, and as such, the permit must be vacated, and the matter remanded to the City of Poulsbo.

In developing its master program and in permit application review (prior to adoption of a master program), local government has the authority to vary the interpretation and application of the guidelines in order to meet local conditions. WAC 173-16-060, 040. Once a master program is adopted and approved, however, there is no flexibility to vary the guidelines because the guidelines no longer apply.

RCW 90.58.140(2)(b); RCW 90.58.030(3)(a). Such a master program is expected to provide the appropriate deviations from the guidelines that the local jurisdiction deems necessary. The draft master program provides that

all non-water dependent uses "shall be set back from the ordinary high water mark by ten (10) feet." Use Activity Regulations, p. 2, Draft Master Program. We believe the City has the power to do so and, having expressed that policy, should follow it.

Master programs must provide for varying of the application of use regulations of the program, including provisions for permits for conditional uses and variances, "to insure that strict implementation of a program will not create unnecessary hardships or thwart the policy enumerated in RCW 90.58.020." RCW 90.58.100(5). Notwithstanding the word "or" quoted above, we construe it to mean "and." Therefore, in order to procure a conditional use permit or variance, it is necessary to prove a hardship and to show that the policy of RCW 90.58.020 will not be thwarted. Upon a proper showing the City could allow, with appellants' approval, the proposed development to be constructed under the appropriate variance or conditional use provision of its master program.

Except as otherwise noted above, the proposed development has not been shown to be inconsistent with Use Activity Regulations, paragraph II, page one, Draft Master Program.

XII

Any Finding of Fact which should be deemed a Conclusion of Law 1s hereby adopted as such.

From these Conclusions, the Shorelines Hearings Board enters this

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ORDER

The action by the City of Poulsbo issuing a substantial development permit to Emmanuel J. Xenos is reversed and the matter is remanded to the City of Poulsbo to reconsider the application in light of the concerns addressed in Conclusion of Law XI above.

DATED this 14th day of April, 1976.

SHORELINES HEARINGS BOARD

CHRIS SMITH, Chairman

ROBERT F. HINTZ, Member

GERALD D. PROBST, Member

WALT WOODWARD, Member

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CERTIFICATION OF MAILING 1 I, Dolories Osland, certify that I deposited in the United States 2 mail, copies of the foregoing document on the day of 3 , 1976, to each of the following-named parties, 4 at the last known post office addresses, with the proper postage affixed 5 to the respective envelopes: 6 7 Mr. Robert V. Jensen Assistant Attorney General 8 Department of Ecology St. Martin's College 9 Olympia, Washington 98504 10 Messrs. C. Conrad Green and R. E. Krucker 11 Niemeier, Green & Roof P. O. Box 851 12 Poulsbo, Washington 98370 13 Mr. Robert Baronsky City of Poulsbo Attorney 14 2901 Seattle-First National 15 Bank Building Seattle, Washington 98154 16 Honorable M. E. Lindvig Mayor of the City of Poulsbo 17 P. O. Box 98 98370 Poulsbo, Washington 18 19 Mr. Emmanuel J. Xenos Rt. 2, Box 599C Poulsbo, Washington 98370 20 21 Mr. Lloyd Taylor Department of Ecology 22 St. Martin's College Olympia, Washington 98504 23 24 DOLORIES OSLAND, Clerk of the

FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER

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SHORELINES HEARINGS BOARD

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